



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

PART 111

SECURIT

SION

OMB A

OMB Number: 3234-0123 Expires: October 31, 2004

Estimated average burden hours per response....12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-48049

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING $_$	01/01/05	_ AND ENDING _	12/31/05
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Miramar Securities LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O	. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
260 Brookstone Centre Parkway			
	(No. and Street)		
Columbus	Georgia		31904
(City)	(State)	(2	Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Charlene Dongvan	RSON TO CONTACT	(HOH)	IS REPORT) 230-9317 Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCOU	INTANT IDENTIFI		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wi	hose opinion is contain	ed in the Report*	
	lividual, state last, first, mi	ddle name)	
2120 Powers Ferry Road, Suite 350		Georgia	30339
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			/
E Certified Public Accountant		A	/ PROCESSE
Public Accountant			/
Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its	possessions.	JU N 0 6 2006
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	THOMSON
FOR	OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Charlene Donavan	swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
kno	wledge and belief the accompanying fina	ancial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
M	iramar Securities LLC	, as
of	December 31	
neit	ner the company nor any partner, propriet	or, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
clas	sified solely as that of a customer, except	as follows:
		Chalana lance Signature
This	Notary Public s report ** contains (check all applications)	OFFICIAL SEAL CYNTHIA NEUMANN NOTARY PUBLIC-GEORGIA COUNTY OF GWINNETT My Commission Expires January 16, 2010
	(f) Statement of Changes in Lia (g) Computation of Net Capital (h) Computation for Determina (i) Information Relating to the (j) A Reconciliation, including Rule 15c3-3 and the Compu	nancial Condition. ockholders' Equity or Partners" or Sole Proprietors" Capital. abilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the respect to methods of conso	ne audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with lidation.
	(1) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Suppler	

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17z-5(e)(3).

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2005
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member Miramar Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Miramar Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2005 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Miramar Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2005 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 17, 2006 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Pulis CAR, PC

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2005

ASSETS

		2005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,611
Accounts receivable – clearing broker		49,382
Office furniture, net of accumulated		,
depreciation of \$46,070		3,336
Deposit with clearing broker		100,000
Prepaid expenses		10,721
Securities owned – common stock		19,760
Other assets		1,615
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	209,425
LIABILITIES AND MEMBI	ER'S EQU	ITY
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	26,377
Due to clearing broker		170
Accrued commissions		35,085
Total Liabilities		61,632
MEMBER'S EQUITY		147,793
MEMBER 5 DQUII I		111,175
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	209,425

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		2005
REVENUES		
Commissions	\$	772,193
Dividend and interest income		3,182
Total revenues		775,375
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Employee compensation and benefits		527,054
Clearing costs		135,219
Communications		1,703
Interest		493
Occupancy cost		2,486
Other operating expenses		109,853
Total expenses		776,808
NET LOSS	<u>\$</u>	(1,433)

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (loss)	\$	(1,433)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		
used in operations:		
Unrealized appreciation of securities owned		(407)
Depreciation and amortization		2,950
Increase in accounts receivable		(45,879)
Increase in accrued commissions		17,750
Decrease in accounts payable		(11,108)
Decrease in prepaid expenses		4,883
Decrease in due to clearing broker		(1,672)
Increase in other assets		(1,615)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(36,531)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Contributions from owner		28,000
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		28,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(8,531)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE: Beginning of year	_	33,142
End of year	<u>\$</u>	24,611
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Interest paid	<u>\$</u>	493
Capital contribution of shares of common stock	<u>\$</u>	14,250

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Paid-In <u>Capital</u>	Accumulated Deficit		Total
Balance, December 31, 2004	\$ 2,632,193	\$ (2,525,217)	\$	106,976
Net loss	·	(1,433)		(1,433)
Capital Contributions: Cash Common stock	28,000 14,250			28,000 14,250
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$ 2,674,443	<u>\$ (2,526,650)</u>	<u>\$</u>	147,793

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005

NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: The Company is a registered broker dealer organized under the laws of the state of Georgia that began business in January 1995. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers and the securities commissions of appropriate states. The Company is a full service, fully disclosed introducing broker-dealer.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Property and Equipment:</u> Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided by use of straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When items of property or equipment are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company has elected to be taxed as a sole proprietorship. Therefore the income or losses of the Company flow through to its owner and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Securities Transactions</u>: Customer's securities transactions re reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

NOTE B — NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$129,157, which was \$79,157 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .48 to 1.0.

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005

NOTE C — OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company's customers execute securities transactions through the Company. These activities may expose the Company to off balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

NOTE D - RELATED PARTIES

A related company provided the Company with office facilities in Columbus, Georgia at no cost. The related company provided the Company with office facilities in Atlanta, Georgia until October 2005 at no cost.

NOTE E — NET LOSS

The Company had a small loss in 2005, which follows a significant loss for 2004. The Company was dependent upon capital contributions from its owner for working capital and net capital during 2005. Management expects the Company to continue as a going concern and the accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis without adjustments for realization in the event that the Company ceases to continue as a going concern.

NOTE F - LEASES

At December 31, 2005, the Company operates from office premises leased on a month to month basis. Rent expense for 2005 was approximately \$2,500.

NOTE G - CONCENTRATIONS

During 2005, approximately 24% of commission revenues were earned from a single customer.

NOTE H – LITIGATION

The Company is subject to claims and litigation in the normal course of business. Claims settlement expense for 2005 was \$8,000.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE I MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

NET CAPITAL:

Total member's equity	<u>\$ 147,793</u>
Less nonallowable assets: Office equipment Prepaid expenses Other assets	(3,336) (10,721) (1,615) (15,672)
Net capital before haircuts	132,121
Less haircuts	(2,964)
Net capital Minimum net capital required	129,157 50,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 79,157</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 61,632</u>
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 4,109</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.48 to 1.0</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Form X-17A-5 and net capital stated above.

MIRAMAR SECURITIES, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Member Miramar Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Miramar Securities, LLC, for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including test of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Miramar Securities, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (3) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

February 17, 2006 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Rubin CAR. PC